Functions and Subroutines Available in Betalib.DLL

LibVersion

Declare Function LibVersion Lib "betalib.dll" As Integer

Returns the version of Beta as an integer. E.g. version 2.10 would be returned at 210

SwitchTo

Declare Sub SwitchTo Lib "betalib.dll" (language As Integer)
Declare Function SwitchTo Lib "betalib.dll" (language As Integer) As Integer

Switches the current language where:

SwitchTo also has the feature that it will load Beta if it is not already loaded. Beta's icon will change to indicate the current language. SwitchTo is usually used as a subroutine (i.e. the return value is ignored) but can also be used as a function in which case the previous language number is returned. Other possible values returned are: -3 invalid language, -2 failed to load Beta, -1 loaded Beta

SetLast

Declare Sub SetLast Lib "betalib.dll" (LastChar As Integer)
Declare Function SetLast Lib "betalib.dll" (LastChar As Integer) As String

Beta always keeps a record of the last key to be pressed, so that when a new key is pressed, the pair can be checked to see if they are a valid accent combination. SetLast allows the value of the last key to be changed. This is typically set to the character before the cursor. SetLast is usually used as a subroutine (i.e. the return value is ignored) but can also be used as a function in which case a string is returned containing the version number and date.

Combine

Declare Function Combine Lib "betalib.dll" (Ch As Integer, Last As Integer, Lang As Integer) As int

This and the following two functions use Beta in what is called *server mode*. The ability of Beta to intercept keystrokes is ignored, and it is used for combining and splitting accented characters. Combine returns the result of combining characters *ch* and *last*, in the language *Lang*. If the combination is invalid, then -1 is returned. The current language setting of Beta is unaffected.

UnAccent

Declare Function UnAccent Lib "betalib.dll" (Char As Integer, Lang As Integer) As Integer

UnAccent attempts to remove the accent from *Char* and return the resulting vowel (using the rules for the language Lang). If the operation is not valid, then -1 is returned. If the vowel had two diacritics,

then accents are removed before breathings.

UnVowel

Declare Function UnVowel Lib "betalib.dll" (Char As Integer, Lang As Integer) As Integer

UnVowel attempts to remove the accent from *Char* and return it (using the rules for the language Lang) and return it. If the operation is not valid, then -1 is returned. If the vowel had two diacritics, then accents are returned rather than breathings.

Acc2Key and Key2Acc

Declare Function Acc2Key Lib "betalib.dll" (Acc As Integer, Lang As Integer) As Integer Declare Function Key2Acc Lib "betalib.dll" (Key As Integer, Lang As Integer) As Integer

These two functions convert between accent *keys* and their respective code points in the character set. These are not always the same, and in some cases several keys will produce the same accent. The keys on the numeric keypad: / * - and + are represented by keys 130, 131, 132, 133. If the value is not an accent then -1 is returned.

Word for Windows Macros

Macros are set to the following keys in Beta.dot (They may of course be changed) F10 (use the ALT key instead to get to the menu bar) F11 F12 Pause Shift/Pause ======BetaEnglish *Switches back to the default font (using resetchar).* If the switch is from Hebrew, then an attempt is made to move to the right of the Hebrew by doing an EndOfLine. Declare Sub SwitchTo Lib "betalib.dll" (language As Integer) Declare Function SetLast Lib "betalib.dll" (LastChar As Integer) As String Sub MAIN If Font\$() = "Hebrew" Then EndOfLine ResetChar SwitchTo(1) End Sub Switches to Greek and sets the size to 12 point. Declare Sub SwitchTo Lib "betalib.dll" (language As Integer) Sub MAIN FormatCharacter .Font = "Greek", .Points = "12"

SwitchTo(2) End Sub ======BetaHebrew

Switches to Hebrew and sets the size to 12 point.

In order to prevent the program switching back out of Hebrew due to right-to-left typing, the space character to the left of the insertion point is also converted to Hebrew. If there was no space character, then one is inserted.

Declare Sub SwitchTo Lib "betalib.dll" (language As Integer)

```
Sub MAIN
 Dim Form As FormatCharacter
 GetCurValues Form
 If Form.Font <> "Hebrew" Then
  CharLeft()
  If Selection$() = " " Then
   EditClear 1
  Else
   CharRight()
  End If
  Form.Font = "Hebrew"
  Form.Points = "12"
  FormatCharacter Form
  Insert ""
 End If
 SwitchTo(3)
```

End Sub

=======BetaBackSpace

Intelligent Backspace.

First the macro reads the current font and sets Beta up accordingly.

If the language is Hebrew then a reverse backspace is performed.

If the language was English or Greek and the previous character was accented, then instead of backspacing off the whole character, only the accent is removed. A second backspace will of course remove the vowel as well.

Declare Sub SetLast Lib "betalib.dll" (LastChar As Integer)
Declare Sub SwitchTo Lib "betalib.dll" (language As Integer)
Declare Function UnAccent Lib "betalib.dll" (Char As Integer, Lang As Integer) As Integer

Sub MAIN
Select Case Font\$()
Case "Greek"
Lang = 2
Case "Hebrew"
Lang = 3
Case Else

```
Lang = 1
End Select
SwitchTo(Lang)
If Lang = 3 Then
 EditClear 1
Else
CharLeft()
Last$ = Selection$()
CharRight()
SetLast(Asc(Last$))
Vowel = UnAccent(Asc(Last$), Lang)
EditClear - 1
If Vowel <> - 1 Then
  Insert Chr$(Vowel)
  SetLast(Vowel)
Else
  CharLeft()
  Last$ = Selection$()
  CharRight()
  SetLast(Asc(Last$))
End If
End If
End Sub
```

======BetaMagic

This is a very simple macro which reads the current font and previous character and sets Beta up accordingly. To use, place the cursor at the point where it is desired to insert text, and press the key associated with this macro

Declare Sub SetLast Lib "betalib.dll" (LastChar As Integer) Declare Sub SwitchTo Lib "betalib.dll" (language As Integer)

```
Sub MAIN
Select Case Font$()
Case "Greek"
SwitchTo(2)
Case "Hebrew"
SwitchTo(3)
Case Else
SwitchTo(1)
End Select

CharLeft()
Last$ = Selection$()
```

CharRight()
SetLast(Asc(Last\$))
End Sub

========BetaReverse

Select some text and run this macro to reverse the characters. Does not work properly if the text spans more than one line.

```
Sub MAIN
Old$ = Selection$()
Length = Len(Old$)

New$ = ""
For i = 1 To Length
New$ = Mid$(Old$, i, 1) + New$
Next i

EditClear
Insert New$
End Sub
```

======BetaToGreek

Select some text and run this macro to convert from English text into Greek. Pairs of vowel-accent characters are converted into accented characters. This macro is useful if you need to enter Greek words but are not using Windows at the time. Later the document may be read into WfW and the Greek words converted using this macro.

Declare Function Combine Lib "betalib.dll" (Ch As Integer, Last As Integer, Lang As Integer) As Integer

```
Sub MAIN
Old$ = Selection$()
Length = Len(Old\$)
New$ = ""
Last$ = " "
For i = 1 To Length
 Next\$ = Mid\$(Old\$, i, 1)
 Result = Combine(Asc(Next$), Asc(Last$), 2)
 If Result < 0 Then
  New\$ = New\$ + Next\$
  Last\$ = Next\$
 Else
  Last$ = Chr$(Result)
  New$ = Left$(New$, Len(New$) - 1) + Last$
 End If
Next i
EditClear
FormatCharacter .Font = "Greek", .Points = "12"
Insert New$
End Sub
```

========BetaFromGreek

Select some text and run this macro to convert from Greek text to English. The accents are expanded out to the keys used originally to create the Greek text. This macro does the reverse of BetaToGreek. It is useful if a document needs to be converted to contain only ASCII characters, for example for email.

Declare Function UnAccent Lib "betalib.dll" (Char As Integer, Lang As Integer) As Integer Declare Function UnVowel Lib "betalib.dll" (Char As Integer, Lang As Integer) As Integer

```
Sub MAIN
Old$ = Selection$()
Length = Len(Old\$)
New$ = ""
For i = 1 To Length
 Next\$ = Mid\$(Old\$, i, 1)
 Vowel = UnAccent(Asc(Next$), 2)
 If Vowel < 0 Then
  New$ = New$ + Next$
 Else
  Acc$ = Chr$(UnVowel(Asc(Next$), 2))
  Vowel2 = UnAccent(Vowel, 2)
  If Vowel2 < 0 Then
   New$ = New$ + Chr$(Vowel) + Acc$
  Else
   Acc2$ = Chr$(UnVowel(Vowel, 2))
   New$ = New$ + Chr$(Vowel2) + Acc2$ + Acc$
  End If
 End If
Next i
EditClear
ResetChar
Insert New$
End Sub
```